

# Software Quality and Measurement

Prof.: Eduardo Figueiredo

Giovani Romani Ferreguetti Junior

# A Review-based Comparative Study of Bad Smell Detection Tools

Eduardo Fernandes, Johnatan  
Oliveira, Gustavo Vale, Thanis Paiva,  
Eduardo Figueiredo

# Introduction

- Software maintenance and evolution are expensive activities
- Bad smell is a symptom
- Several tools have been proposed
- It's hard to:
  - Enumerate detection tools proposed
  - Say what bad smells they are able to detect
  - In which programming languages

# Goal

- This study provides a systematic literature review(SLR)
- Comparative study with four available tools
- Asses: agreement, recall, precision, and usability

# Systematic Literature Review

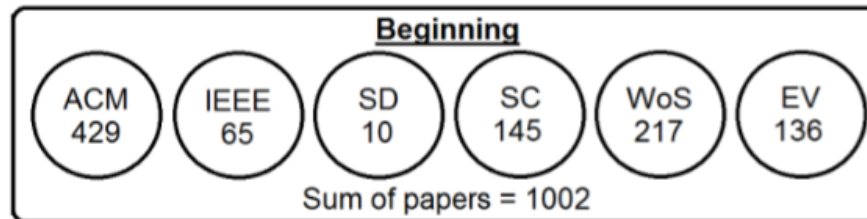
- Systematic Literature Review(SLR)
- Three steps:
  1. Planning
    - identify the need
    - research questions
  2. Conducting
    - selection of papers
    - data extraction
    - analysis
  3. Reporting

# Research Questions

- Goal: identify and document all tools used for bad smell detection.
- RQ1: What are the bad smell detection tools proposed or used in literature papers?
- RQ2: Which are the main features of these tools?
- RQ3: Which are the most frequent types of bad smells these tools aim to detect?

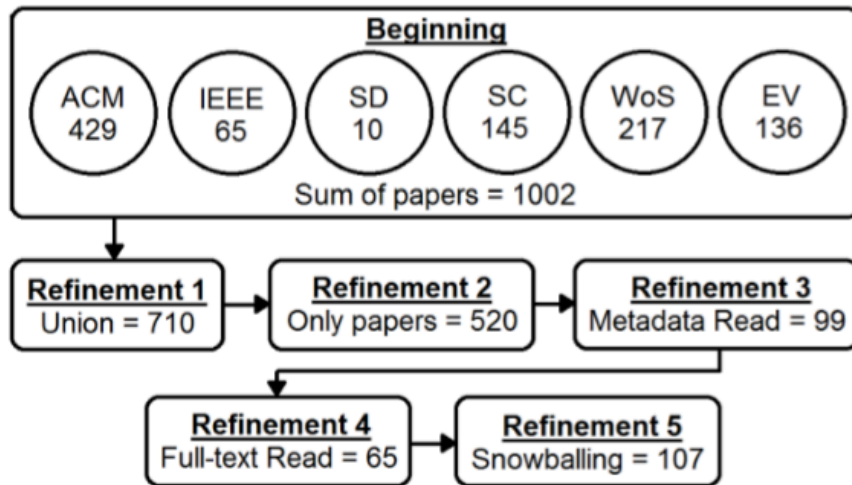
# Search String and Electronic Data Sources

- (tool\* AND (“bad smell\*” OR “design smell\*” OR “code smell\*” OR “design anomaly\*” OR “code anomaly”))
- 6 electronic data sources:
  1. ACM Digital Library
  2. IEEE Xplore
  3. Science Direct, Scopus
  4. Web of Science
  5. Engineering Village.



# Electronic Datasources And Selection Criteria

- Refinement 1: remove duplicated studies.
- Refinement 2: remove non-papers.
- Refinement 3: inclusion/exclusion criteria.
- Refinement 4: do not use or propose bad smell detection tool.
- Refinement 5: look for citation of tools not covered.
- Not able to find papers that proposes tools.



**Figure 1. Steps for Selection of Papers**

**Table 1. List of SLR Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria**

| Inclusion Criteria                    | Exclusion Criteria                      |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Papers published in Computer Science  | Papers published before 2000            |
| Papers written in English             | Papers shorter than two pages           |
| Papers available in electronic format | Websites, leaflets, and grey literature |
| Propose or use bad smell detect tools |   |

# Data Extraction

- 84 bad smell detection tools
- Some tools do not have a specific section to describe features

# Reporting

- Consider bad smells that shared a similar definition based on Fowler's definition.

**Table 2. List of Bad Smells with Alternative Terms**

| <b>Bad Smell</b> | <b>Alternative Terms</b>   |
|------------------|--|
| Duplicated Code  | Code Clone, Clone Class, Clone Code, Cloned Code, Code Duplication, Duplicated Prerequisites |
| Large Class      | Big Class, Blob, Brain Class, Complex Class, God Class                                       |
| Long Method      | Brain Method, God Method   |

# I. SLR Results

- RQ1: What are the bad smell detection tools proposed or used in literature papers?

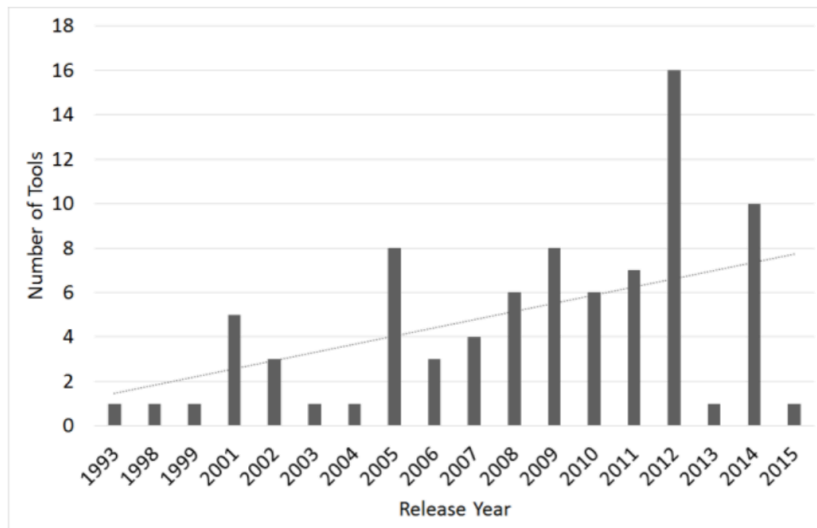


Figure 2. Number of Detection Tools Released by Year

Table 3. List of Bad Smell Detection Tools Found in this SLR

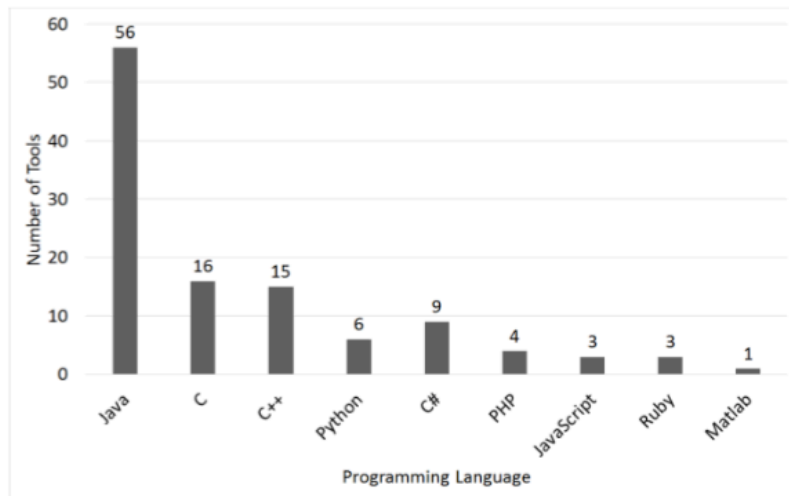
| 29 Tools Available Online for Download and Installation   |
|---|
| Borland Together [77], CCFinder (CCFinderX) [29], Checkstyle [19], Clone Digger [8], Code Bad Smell Detector [22], Colligens [45], ConcernReCS [1], ConQAT [13], DECKARD [26], DuDe [75], Gendarme [53], inCode [77], inFusion [19], IntelliJ IDEA [17], iPlasma [43], Java Clone Detector (JCD) [28], jCosmo [71], JDeodorant [70], NiCad [10], NosePrints [53], PMD [19], PoSDef [9], SDMetrics [62], SpIRIT (JSpirit) [72], Stench Blossom [49], SYMake [67], TrueRefactor [20], Understand [65], Wrangler [37]  |
| 54 Tools Proposed in Literature but Unavailable Online  |
| Absinthe [66], Anti-pattern Scanner [76], Arcoverde et al. [3], AutoMeD [78], Bad Smell Detection Tool (BSDT) [12], Bad Smells Finder [21], Bauhaus [59], Bayesian Detection Expert (BDTEX) [33], Bavota et al. [5], Baxter et al. [6], Bug Forecast [16], Clone Detector [64], CloneDetective [27], CocoViz [7], CodeSmellExplorer [57], CodeVizard [79], CP-Miner [38], Crespo et al. [11], Crocodile [63], DÉCOR [47], Dup [4], Duploc [14], EvoLens [58], Hamza et al. [23], Hayashi et al. [24], Hist-Inspect [42], iSPARQL [34], It's Your Code (IYC) [36], JCodeCanine [52], JSmell [61], Kaur and Singh [30], Keivanloo and Rilling [31], Kessentini et al. [32], Komondor and Horwitz [35], Lui et al. [39], Matthew Munro [48], Mens et al. [46], Pradel et al. [56], PROblem DETector O-O System (PRODEOOS) [44], Reclipse Tool Suite [73], Refactoring Browser [69], Ribeiro and Borba [60], SCOOP [40], Scorpio [25], Sextant [15], Smellchecker [55], SolidFX [68], Stasys Peldzius [54], SVMDetect [41], VCS-Analyzer [2], Wang et al. [74], WebScent [50], Xquery-based Analysis Framework (XAF) [51], Zang et al. [80] |
| 1 Tool Cited but Unavailable Online for Download  |
| Analyst [18]  |

# II. SLR Results

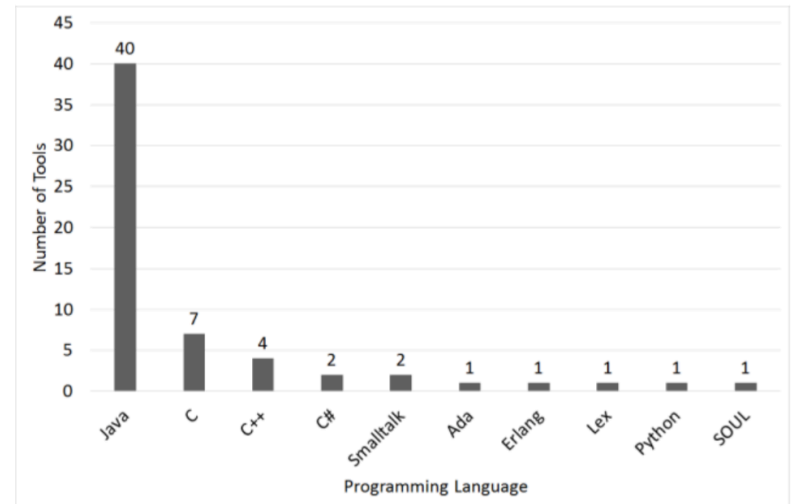
- RQ2: Which are the main features of these tools?
  - Availability
    - 35.7% are plug-ins
    - 35.7% are standalone applications
    - 4.7% both plug-ins and standalone applications
    - 22.6% could not find information
  - Online documentation: 41.6%
  - Graphical User Interface(GUI): 71.4%
  - Detection Strategies:
    - 37% are metric-Based
    - 18% are based on trees
    - 7% are based on textual analysis
    - 6% are based on Program Dependency Graph
    - 3.5% based on token analysis
    - 20% no able to find.

# III. SLR Results

- Did not find a bad smell detection tool for R
- Concentration in Java, C and C++



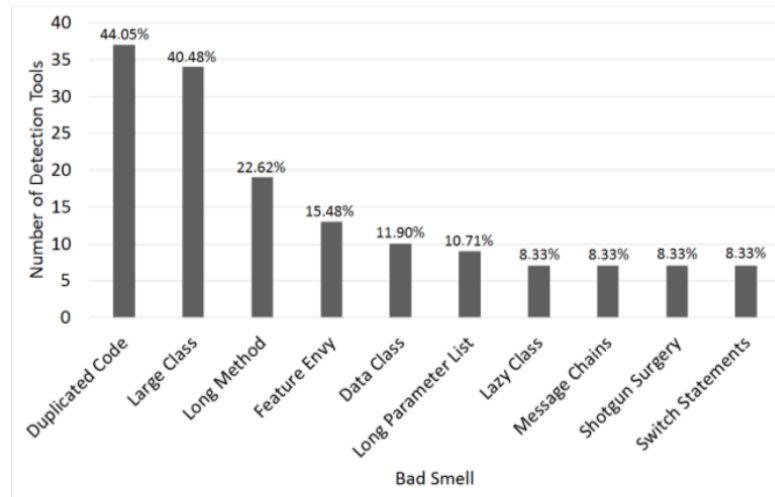
**Figure 3. Programming Languages Tools Analyze**



**Figure 4. Programming Languages Tools Were Developed**

# IV. SLR Results

- RQ3: Which are the most frequent types of bad smells these tools aim to detect?
  - From 22 defined by Fowler, the found tools detect 20 bad smells of them
    - Alternative Classes with Different Interfaces
    - Incomplete Library Class
  - 41 defined by other authors
  - All ten most recurrent smells are from Fowler's book



**Figure 5. Top-ten Most Recurring Bad Smells**

# Comparative Study

- 29 bad smells detect tools able to download and install

**Table 4. List of Bad Smell Detection Tools Available for Download**

| Tool Name               | Plug-in | Detected Bad Smells  | Language  |                                     | Detection Technique | Free for Use | Guide | GUI | Release Year |
|-------------------------|---------|--|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------|-----|--------------|
|                         |         |  | Developed | Detect                              |                     |              |       |     |              |
| Borland Together        | Yes     | Duplicated Code  | Java      | C#, C++, Java                       | Metrics             | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2011         |
| CCFinder (CCFinderX)    | No      | Duplicated Code  | C++       | C, C#, C++, etc.                    | Token               | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2002         |
| Checkstyle              | Yes     | Duplicated Code, Large Class, Long Method, Long Parameter List | Java      | Java                                | NA                  | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2001         |
| Clone Digger            | NA      | Duplicated Code  | Python    | Java, Lua, Python                   | Tree                | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2008         |
| Code Bad Smell Detector | No      | Data Clumps, Switch Statements, and 3 other                    | Java      | Java                                | AST                 | Yes          | No    | No  | 2014         |
| Colligens               | Yes     | NA   | C         | C                                   | NA                  | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2014         |
| ConcernReCS             | Yes     | Concern Smells: Primitive Concern Constant, and 5 other        | Java      | Java                                | Concern map         | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2012         |
| ConQAT                  | Both    | Clone Code   | Java      | ABAP, ADA, C++, C#, Java            | Metrics             | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2005         |
| DECKARD                 | No      | Clone Code   | C         | Java                                | AST                 | Yes          | Yes   | No  | 2007         |
| DuDe                    | No      | Clone Code   | Java      | Language independent                | Textual analysis    | Yes          | No    | Yes | 2005         |
| Gendarme                | No      | Duplicated Code, Large Class, Long Method, and 4 other         | C#        | .NET, Mono                          | Rules               | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2006         |
| inCode                  | Yes     | Data Class, Data Clumps, Duplicated Code, and 2 other          | Java      | C, C++, Java                        | NA                  | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2013         |
| inFusion                | No      | Data Class, Data Clumps, Duplicated Code, and 2 other          | NA        | C, C++, Java                        | NA                  | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2011         |
| IntelliJ IDEA           | No      | Data Clumps, Feature Envy, Large Class, and 4 other            | NA        | Java, JavaScript, and 4 others      | NA                  | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2001         |
| iPlasma                 | No      | Duplicated Code, Feature Envy, Intensive Coupling, and 4 other | Java      | C++, Java                           | Textual analysis    | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2005         |
| Java Clone Detector     | No      | Duplicated Code  | C++       | Java                                | Tree                | Yes          | Yes   | No  | 2009         |
| jCosmo                  | No      | InstanceOf, Switch Statement, Typecast                         | NA        | Java                                | Tree                | NA           | Yes   | Yes | 2002         |
| JDeodorant              | Yes     | Feature Envy, Large Class, Long Method                         | Java      | Java                                | Metrics, AST        | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2007         |
| JSpirit                 | Both    | Data Class, Dispersed Coupling, Feature Envy, and 5 other      | Java      | C++, Java, Smalltalk                | Metrics             | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2014         |
| NiCad                   | Yes     | Duplicated Code  | C         | C, C#, Java, etc.                   | NA                  | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2011         |
| NosePrints              | Both    | Feature Envy, Inappropriate Intimacy, Large Class, and 5 other | NA        | NA                                  | NA                  | No           | No    | Yes | 2008         |
| PMD                     | Both    | Duplicated Code, Large Class, Long Method, Long Parameter List | Java      | C, C#, C++, Java, PHP, and 11 other | NA                  | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2008         |
| PoSDef                  | Yes     | NA   | C#        | UML diagrams                        | Metrics             | Yes          | No    | Yes | 2014         |
| SDMetrics               | No      | Large Class  | Java      | UML diagrams                        | NA                  | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2012         |
| Stench Blossom          | Yes     | Comments, Data Clumps, and 4 other                             | Java      | Java                                | Metrics             | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2010         |
| SYMake                  | No      | Cyclic Dependency, Duplicated Prerequisites                    | NA        | C and Java                          | NA                  | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2012         |
| TrueRefactor            | No      | Lazy Class, Long Method, and 3 other                           | Java      | Java                                | Graph               | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2011         |
| Understand              | No      | NA   | NA        | C, C#, C++, etc.                    | NA                  | No           | Yes   | Yes | 2008         |
| Wrangler                | Yes     | Duplicated Code  | Erlang    | Erlang                              | Textual analysis    | Yes          | Yes   | Yes | 2010         |

# Selection of Tools

- Selection process:
  1. Java programming language(most common)
  2. Sets of bad smells
  3. Free for use, at least in a trial version.
- 4 Tools remaining to be studied

# Selection of Bad Smells

- Three most frequent bad smells detected
  - Duplicated code
  - Large class
  - Long method
- Duplicated code was discarded because it is hard to quantify the aimed results.

# Selection of Applications

- Junit version 4
- MobileMedia version 9
- Recurrently used in previous quality and maintainability-related studies.
- Relied on two experts who used manual strategy for detecting, individually and manually, the bad smells in MobileMedia classes and methods.

**Table 5. Size metrics of JUnit and MobileMedia**

| Size Metrics        | JUnit | MobileMedia |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|
| Number of Classes   | 983   | 55          |
| Number of Methods   | 2948  | 290         |
| Lines of Code (LOC) | 26456 | 3216        |

**Table 6. Reference list of bad smells in MobileMedia**

| Bad Smell   | Occurrences |
|-------------|-------------|
| Large Class | 7           |
| Long Method | 6           |
| Total       | 13          |

# Overall Results

- Two personal computers with two different operating systems
- Two authors performed the same procedures
- Default tool setting
- Apart from JDeodorant tools have not detected Long Method instances in JUnit

**Table 7. Bad Smell Detection in JUnit and MobileMedia**

| Tool Name  | JUnit |    | MobileMedia |    |
|------------|-------|----|-------------|----|
|            | LC    | LM | LC          | LM |
| inFusion   | 0     | 0  | 1           | 2  |
| JDeodorant | 88    | 48 | 11          | 12 |
| PMD        | 12    | 0  | 1           | 3  |
| JSPIRIT    | 6     | 0  | 2           | 5  |

# Agreement, Recall and Precision

- The evaluated tools provided redundant detection results
- Recall and precision based on the bad smell reference list for the MobileMedia application

**Table 8. Agreement of Tools for JUnit and MobileMedia**

| Application | Large Class |      |              | Long Method |      |              |
|-------------|-------------|------|--------------|-------------|------|--------------|
|             | OA          | AC1  | 95% CI       | OA          | AC1  | 95% CI       |
| JUnit       | 88.55%      | 0.87 | [0.84, 0.90] | -           | -    | -            |
| MobileMedia | 88.79%      | 0.87 | [0.79, 0.94] | 97.27%      | 0.97 | [0.96, 0.98] |

**Table 9. Recall and Precision of the Tools for MobileMedia Only**

| Bad Smell   | Recall   |            |     |         | Precision |            |      |         |
|-------------|----------|------------|-----|---------|-----------|------------|------|---------|
|             | inFusion | JDeodorant | PMD | JSpIRIT | inFusion  | JDeodorant | PMD  | JSpIRIT |
| Large Class | 14%      | 14%        | 14% | 14%     | 100%      | 9%         | 100% | 50%     |
| Long Method | 33%      | 33%        | 50% | 67%     | 100%      | 17%        | 100% | 80%     |

# Threats to Validity

- Scope and Strategy: other sources with relevant papers
- Validation and Generalization of Data and Results: cannot assume that all existing papers were included through the research string

# Previous Work

- Fontana et al. Present a literature review and evaluation.
- Moha et al. Evaluates, but without providing a systematic literature review.
- None performs a systematic literature review and an extensive evaluation.

# I. Conclusion and Lessons Learned

- Java, C and C++ are the top-three most covered programming languages
- Most of the 84 tools are implemented in Java and rely on metric-based detection technique
- Duplicated Code, Large Class and Long Method are the top-three bad smells the tools aims to detect
- Analyzed tools provide redundant detection results

# II. Conclusion and Lessons Learned

- All tools presented some usability issues
- Usability evaluation:
  - Difficulty to navigate between bad smells occurrences
  - Difficulty to identify the source code related to a smell detection
  - Tools do not provide data visualization through statistical analysis

**Table 10. Applicability Features of the Tools**

| <b>Feature</b>              | <b>inFusion</b>     | <b>JDeodorant</b> | <b>PMD</b> | <b>JSpIRIT</b> |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------|
| Result export               | X (in full version) | X                 |            |                |
| Highlight smell occurrences | X                   | X                 | X          | X              |
| Allow detection settings    | X                   | X                 | X          | X              |
| Graph visualization         | X                   |                   |            |                |
| Detected Smell Filtering    | X (in full version) | X                 | X          |                |